

Despite being a very dry place for much of the year, a surprising variety of fungi have been observed within Vistoso Trails, especially during the annual monsoon season. Only a few are shown here. Of these, many have not been fully identified. **Please do not harvest or eat any wild mushrooms** in the preserve. Many are **extremely toxic**.

Thank you to **Terri Clements**, Chairperson of the Scientific Committee of the Arizona Mushroom Society and a citizen scientist collaborating with the University of Arizona. Terri assisted with identifying most of the fungi in the preserve and with reading through and advising on this section.

In this guidebook:

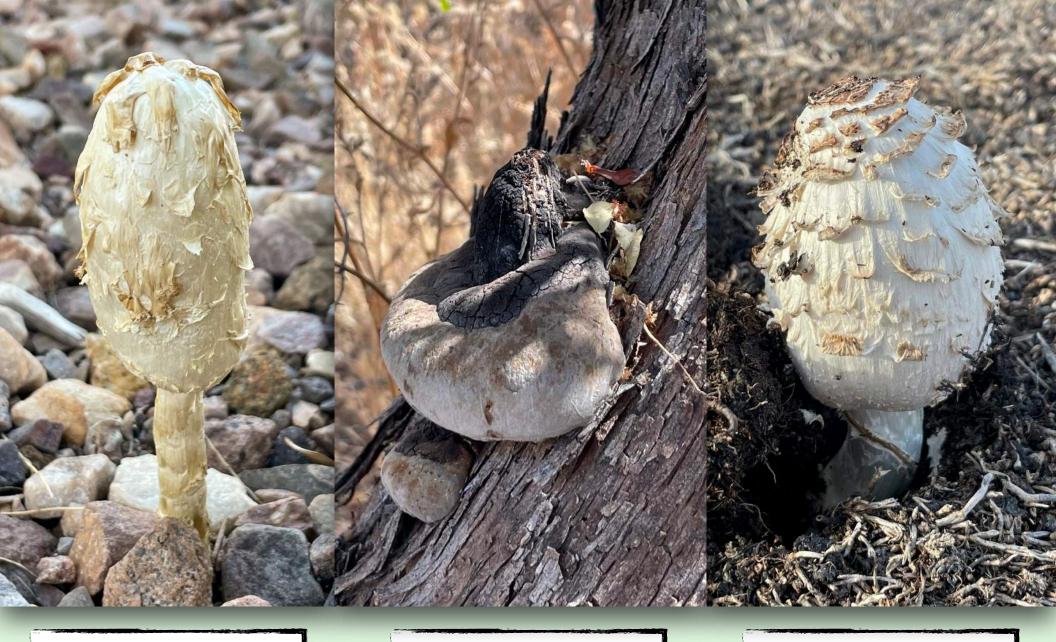
- Sulcate Sunhead (Page 163)
- Green-spored Parasol (Page 164)
- Amanita macerisolum (Page 165)
- Podaxis, Fomitiporia, and Coprinus (Page 166)











Common name: Termite Inkcap

Scientific name: *Podaxis*

Common name: No common name

Scientific name: Fomitiporia

Common name: Inky Caps

Scientific name: Coprinus

Not Pictured

A few examples of the other fungi found within the preserve are shown below. In some cases the fruiting body is too young to identify by sight. In others, the specimen would need to be sequenced in a laboratory to properly identify it. The mushroom at bottom left is likely an *Agaricus*.

Saltshaker stiltballs are among the other fungi that have been identified here, but are not pictured (as the author and colleagues lack suitable images from the preserve). Lichens can also be found on some of the rocks within the preserve.

